AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a gate in a semiconductor device, comprising the steps of:

forming a gate pattern on which a gate oxide film and a conductive layer are stacked at a give region on a semiconductor substrate; and

forming a hard mask on top of the gate pattern; and

performing oxygen plasma treatment to form oxide films at the sides of the conductive layer and not on the hard mask.

- 2. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the gate oxide film is formed using a silicon oxide film or a high-dielectric metal oxide film.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 2, wherein the silicon oxide film include SiO_2 and SiO_2N_y .
- 4. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 2, wherein the high-dielectric metal oxide film includes HfO₂, ZrO₂, Hf-Al-O, Zr-Al-O, Hf-silicate and Zr-silicate.
- 5. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the conductive layer has a structure on which a polysilicon film, an anti-diffusion film, a metal film and a hard mask are stacked.

6. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the conductive layer has a structure on which an anti-diffusion film, the conductive layer and the hard mask are stacked.

- 7. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the anti-diffusion film is formed using any one of $WN*_x$, a stack film of W and $WN*_x$, a stack film of $Wsix WSi_x$ and $WN*_x$, $TaSi*_xNy_y$ and $TiAl*_xNy_y$.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the anti-diffusion film is formed using any one of $WN*_x$, a stack film of W and $WN*_x$, a stack film of $Wsix WSi_x$ and $WN*_x$, $TaSi*_xN*_y$ and $TiAl*_xN*_y$.
- 9. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the metal film is formed using any one of W, Ta, TaN, Ti and TiN.
- 10. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the metal film is formed using any one of W, Ta, TaN, Ti and TiN.
- 11. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the oxygen plasma treatment is implemented by applying the RF source power of $100 \sim 3000 \text{W}$ and the RF bias power of $0 \sim 100 \text{W}$.

12. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the oxygen plasma treatment is performed using a gas containing oxygen such as O₂, O₃, N₂O, NO or H₂O, or a mixture of them.

- 13. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the oxygen plasma treatment is performed using oxygen and hydrogen together.
- 14. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the flow ratio of oxygen/hydrogen is $0.01 \sim 0.2$.
- 15. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the oxygen plasma treatment is implemented in a state where the substrate temperature is $0 \sim 450$ °C.
- 16. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising the step of implementing the oxygen plasma treatment by illuminating ultraviolet rays on the top of the substrate.
- 17. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising the step of performing an annealing process after the oxygen plasma treatment is performed.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim $\frac{15}{17}$, wherein the annealing process is performed at a temperature of $600 \sim 1000^{\circ}$ C for $10 \text{ seconds} \sim 60$ minutes at in a nitrogen, hydrogen, argon or vacuum atmosphere.

19. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a gate in a semiconductor device, comprising the steps of:

forming a gate pattern on which a gate oxide film, a polysilicon film, an antidiffusion film, and a metal film and a hard mask-are stacked at a given region on a semiconductor substrate;

forming a hard mask on the gate pattern;

performing oxygen plasma treatment to form oxide films at the only on sides of the gate pattern and not on the hard mask; and

performing an annealing process for improving the film quality of the oxide film.

20. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a gate in a semiconductor device, comprising the steps of:

forming a gate pattern on which a gate oxide film, an anti-diffusion film, <u>and</u> a metal film and a hard mask are stacked at a given region on a semiconductor substrate;

forming a hard mask on the gate pattern;

performing oxygen plasma treatment to form oxide films at the only on sides of the gate pattern and not on the hard mask; and

performing an annealing process for improving the film quality of the oxide film.